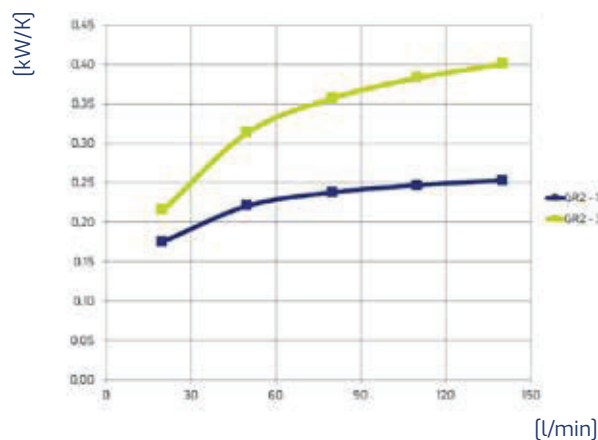


## Technical data

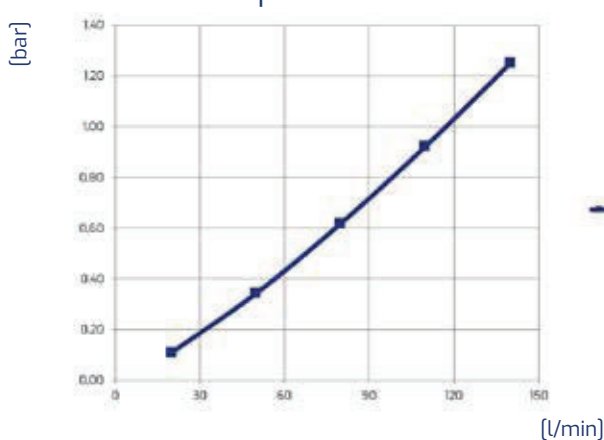
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY024.1-05A	20-140	2	12				280	1020	76,3	1500
HY024.1-05A	20-140	2	12				280	2090	91,3	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

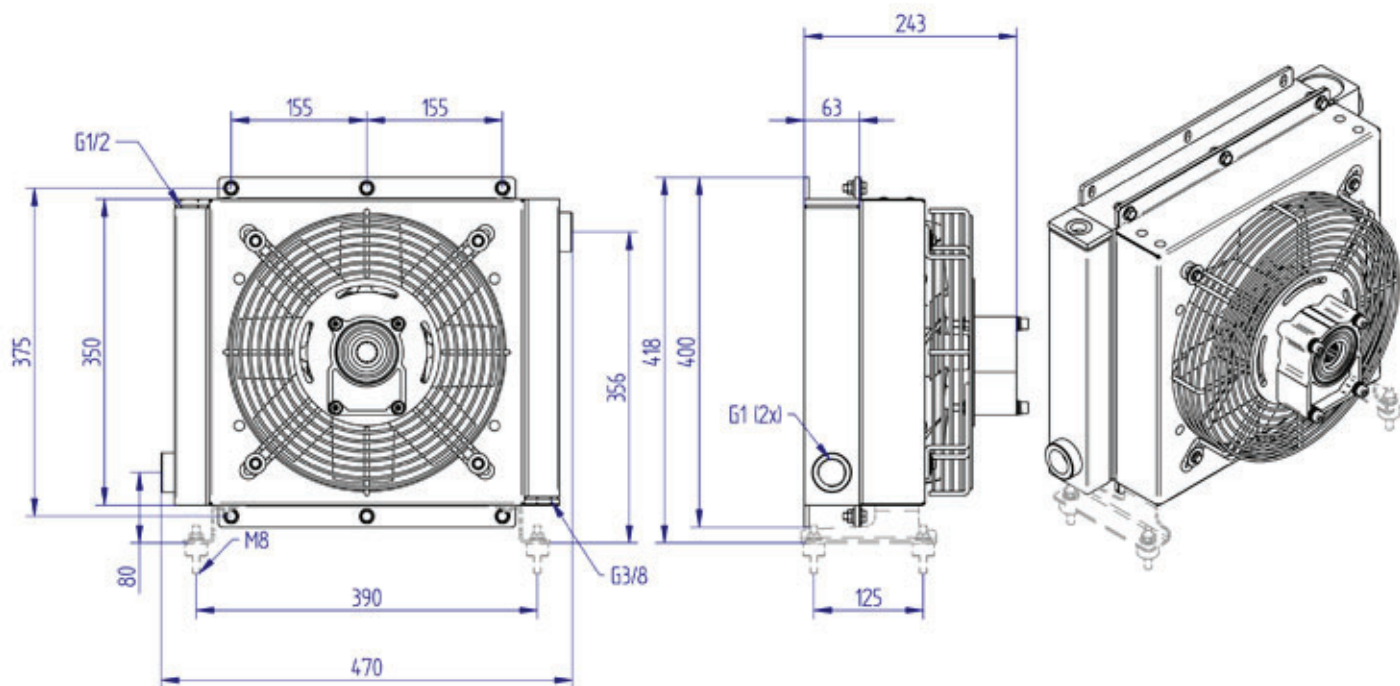
## Pressure drop



ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

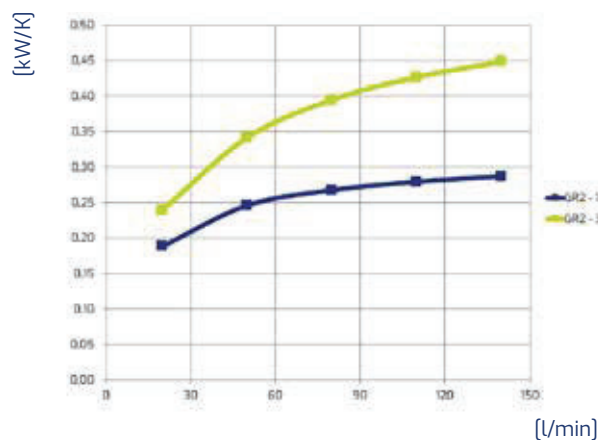
Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3



## Technical data

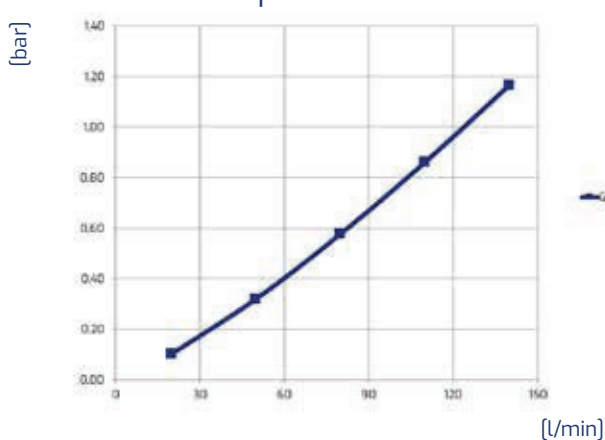
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY038.1-05A	20-140	2,5	13,5				300	1291	74	1500
HY038.1-05A	20-140	2,5	13,5				300	2658	88,8	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

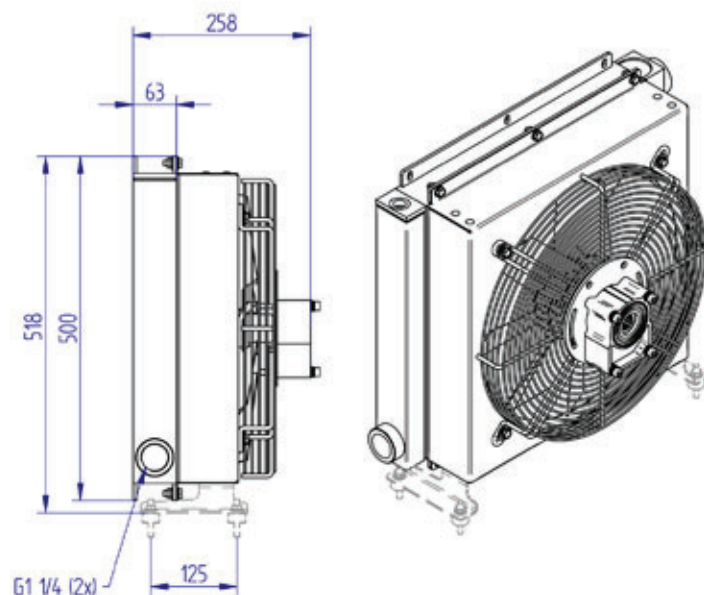
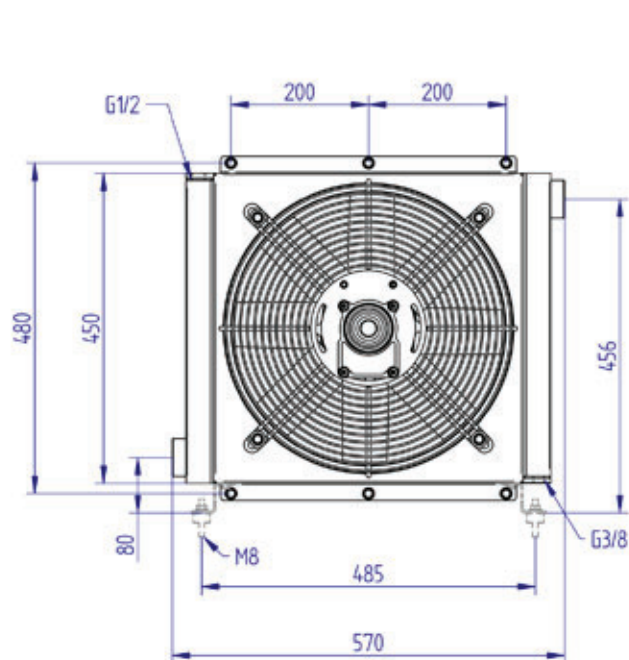
## Pressure drop



ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

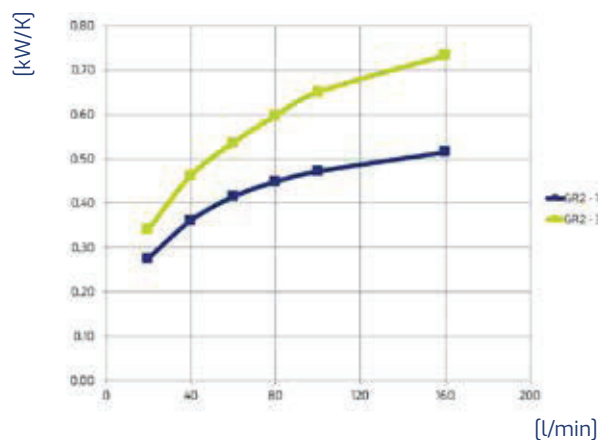
Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3



## Technical data

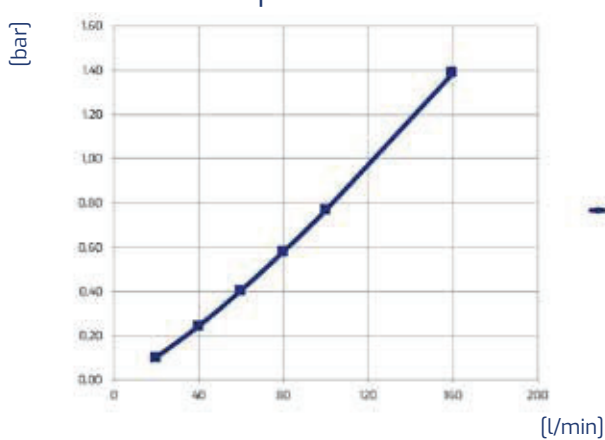
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[dB(A)]	
<b>HY057.1-05A</b>	20-160	3,7	18				390	2810	76,9	1500
<b>HY057.1-05A</b>	20-160	3,7	18				390	5810	91,7	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

## Pressure drop



ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3

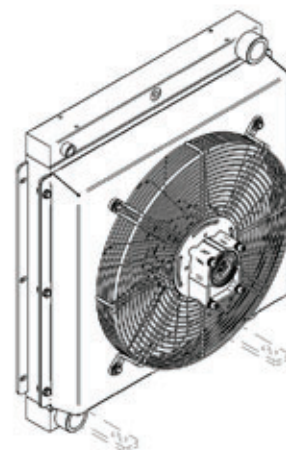
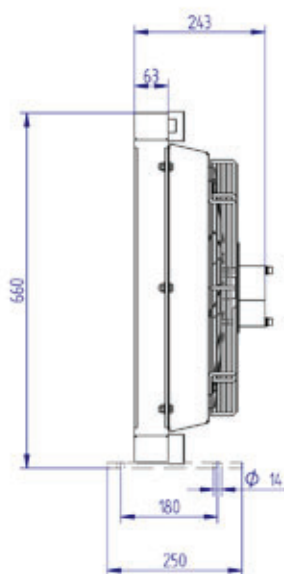
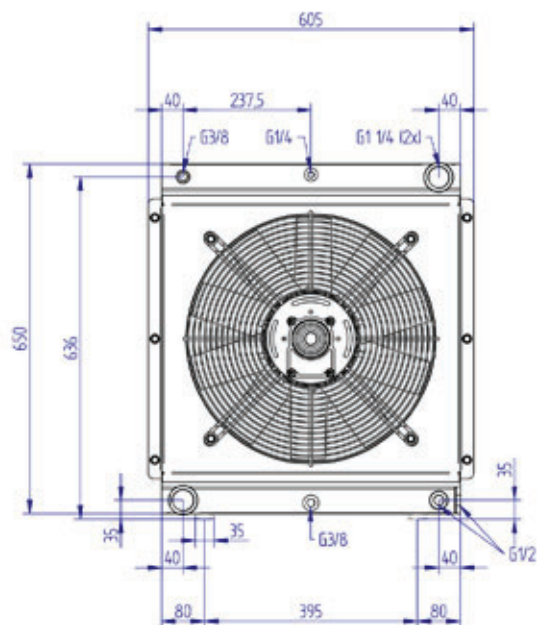
HY series

HY090.1-05A

AIR-OIL HEAT  
EXCHANGERS

Suit.  
HY M

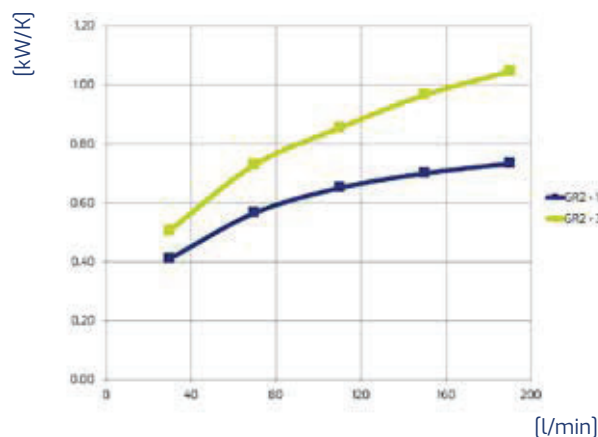
GR2



## Technical data

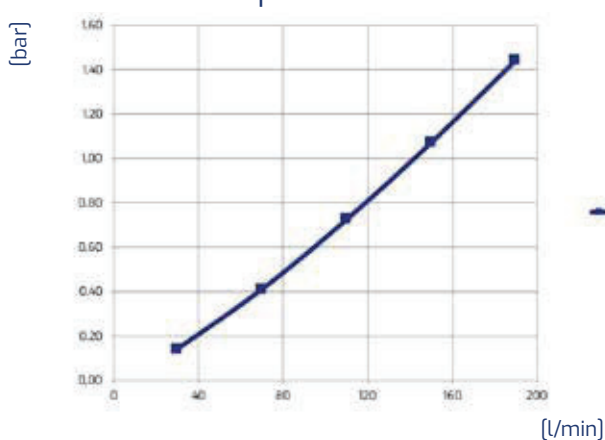
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY090.1-05A	30-190	5,3	29				450	5400	82	1500
HY090.1-05A	30-190	5,3	29				450	11300	97	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

## Pressure drop



ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3

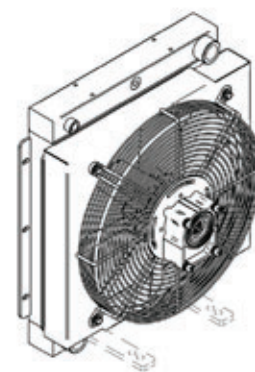
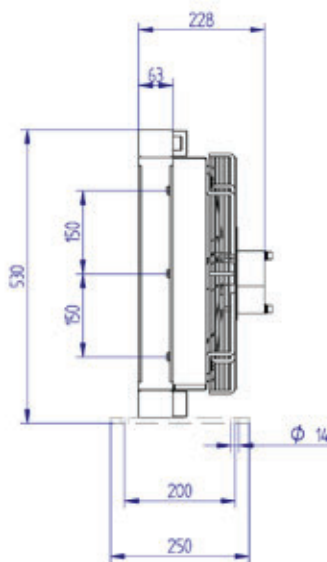
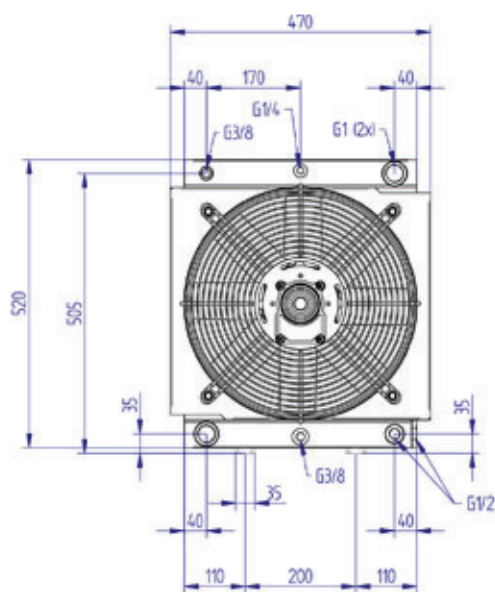
HY series

HY210.1-05A

AIR-OIL HEAT  
EXCHANGERS

Suit.  
HY M

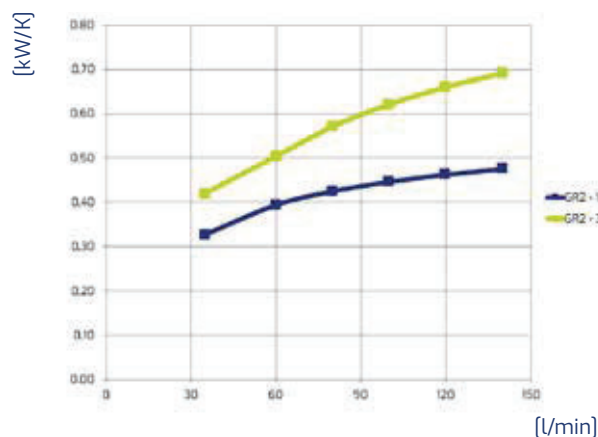
GR2



## Technical data

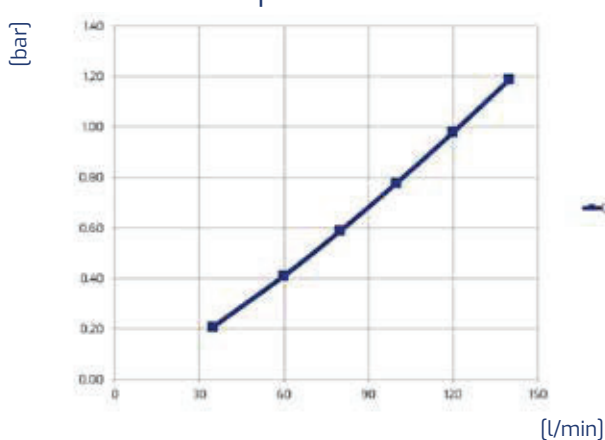
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY210.1-05A	35-140	3,3	20,5				390	2554	78	1500
HY210.1-05A	35-140	3,3	20,5				390	5402	92,5	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

## Pressure drop

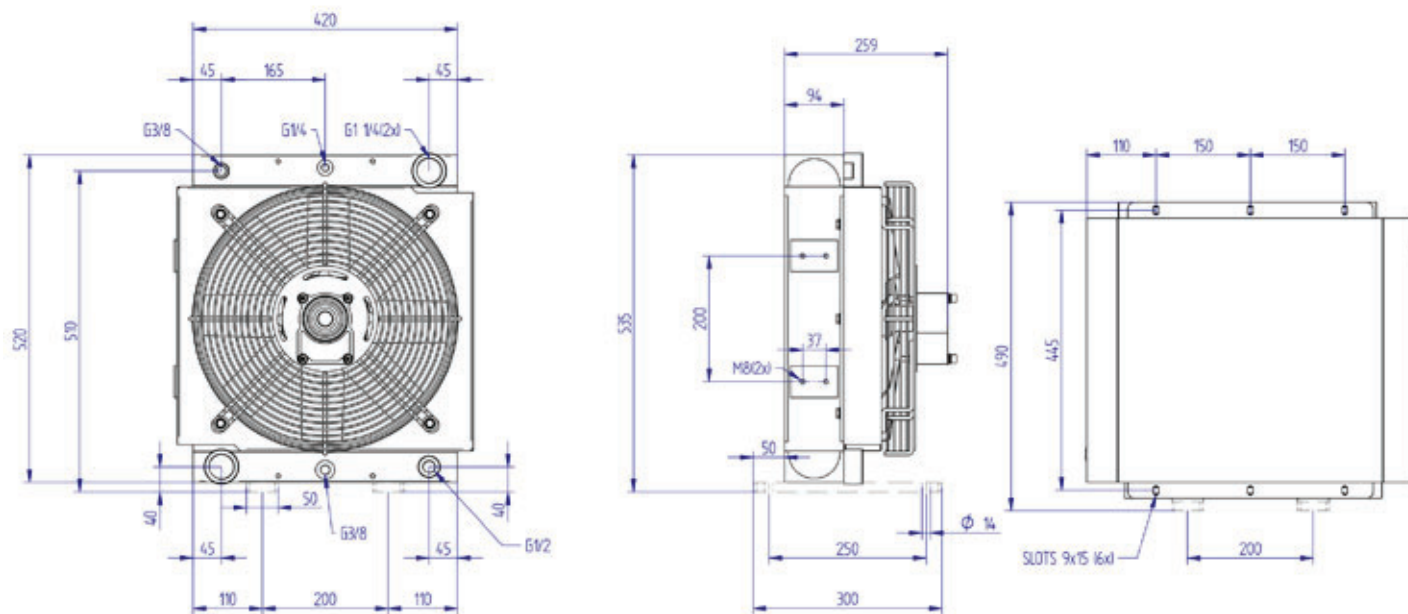


ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3



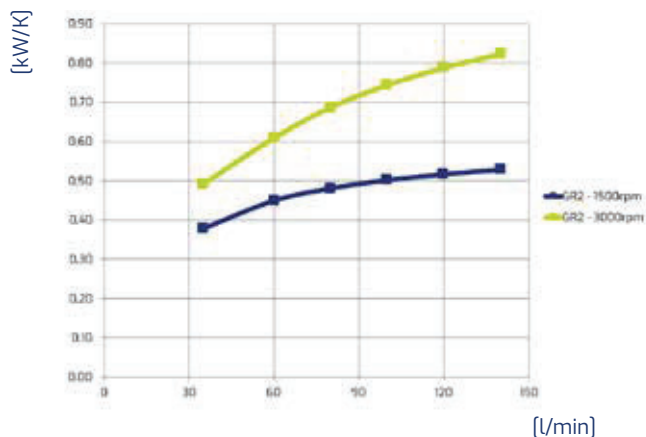


Vertical or horizontal mounting

## Technical data

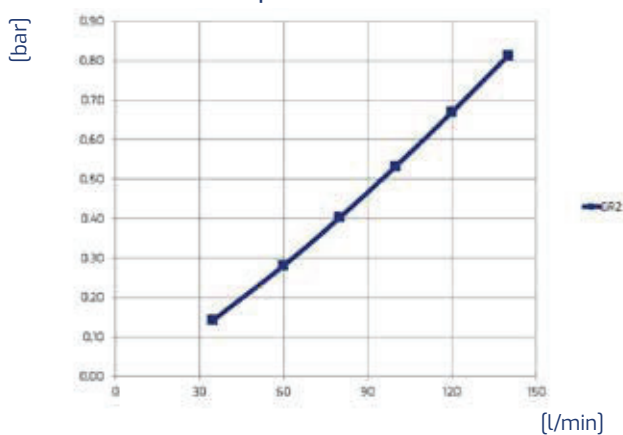
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY215.1-05A	35-140	5,3	26				390	2281	79,1	1500
HY215.1-05A	35-140	5,3	26				390	4860	92,5	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

## Pressure drop



ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3

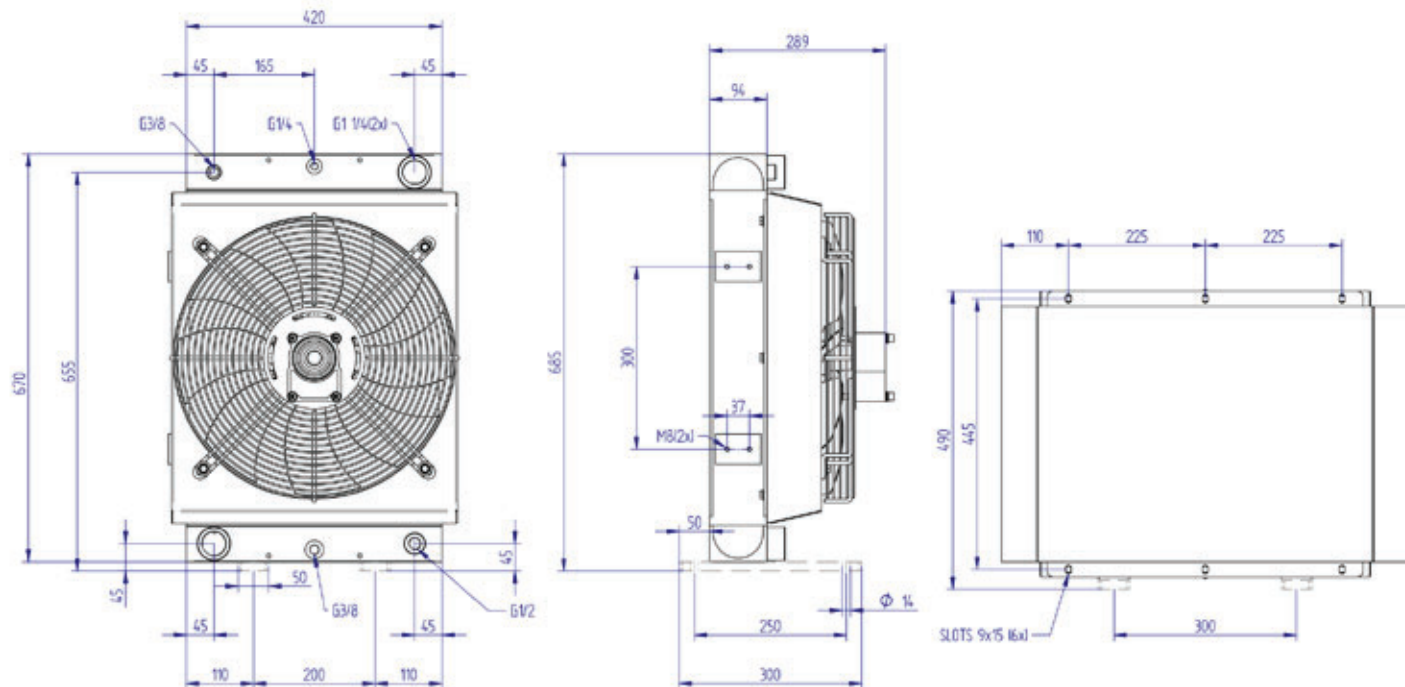
HY series

HY220.1-05A

AIR-OIL HEAT  
EXCHANGERS

Suit.  
HY M

GR2

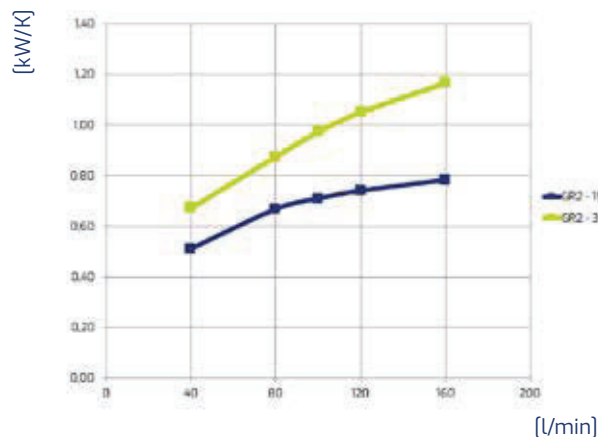


Vertical or horizontal mounting

## Technical data

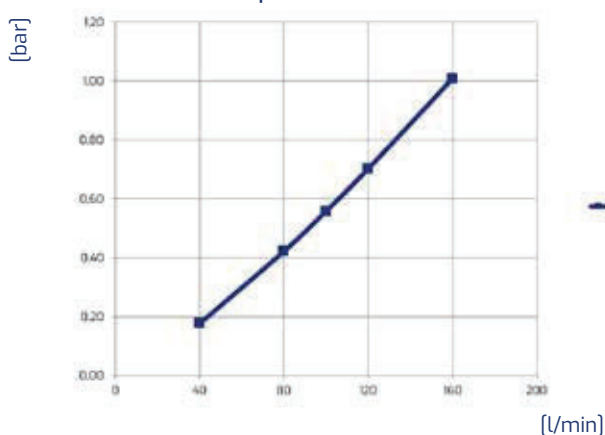
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY220.1-05A	40-160	6.8	34				450	3778	84,4	1500
HY220.1-05A	40-160	6.8	34				450	8461	102	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

## Pressure drop

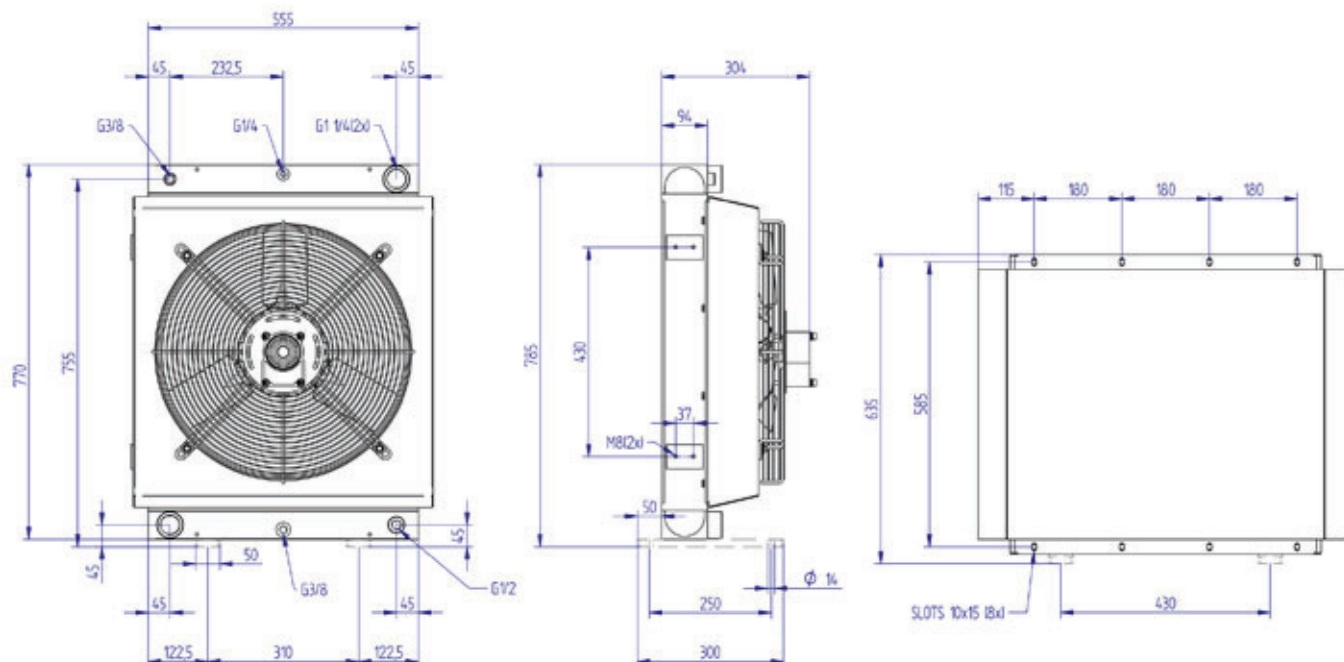


ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3

Technical data are not binding - The graphs show the central range of heat exchange data

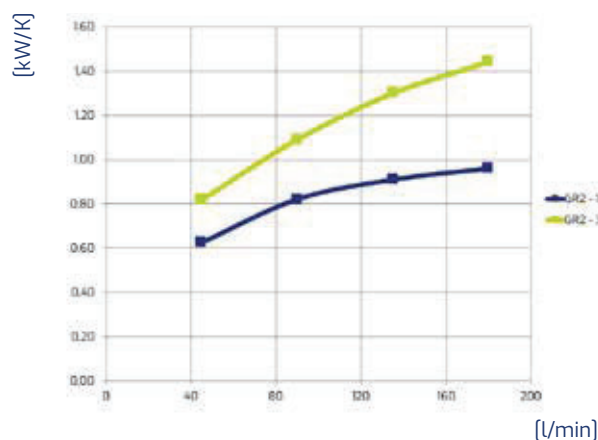


Vertical or horizontal mounting

## Technical data

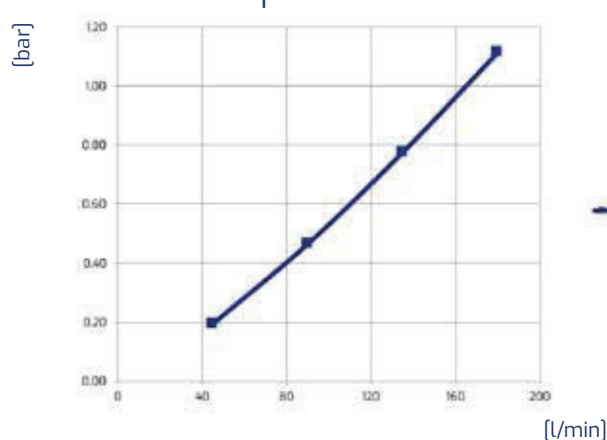
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY225.1-05A	45-180	10	46				500	4566	78	1500
HY225.1-05A	45-180	10	46				500	9641	94	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

## Pressure drop

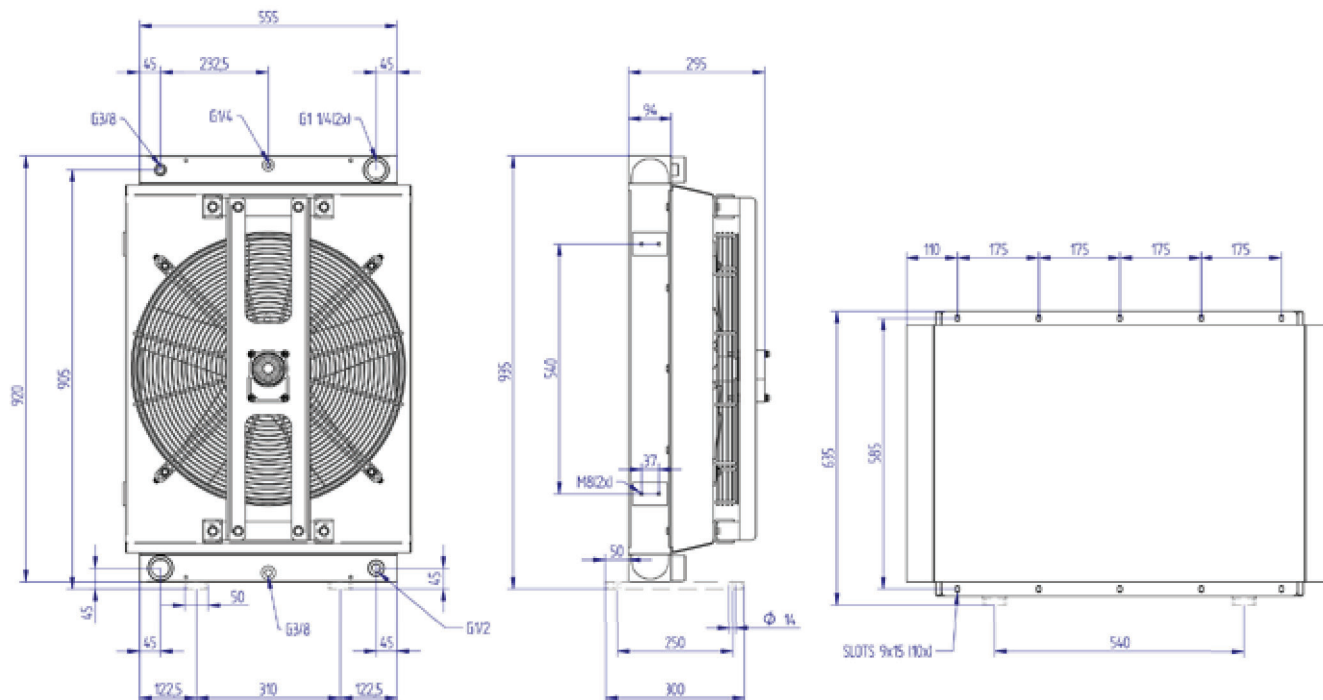


ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3



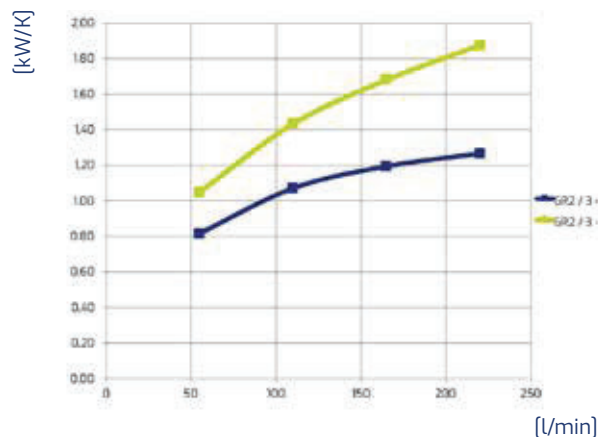


Vertical or horizontal mounting

## Technical data

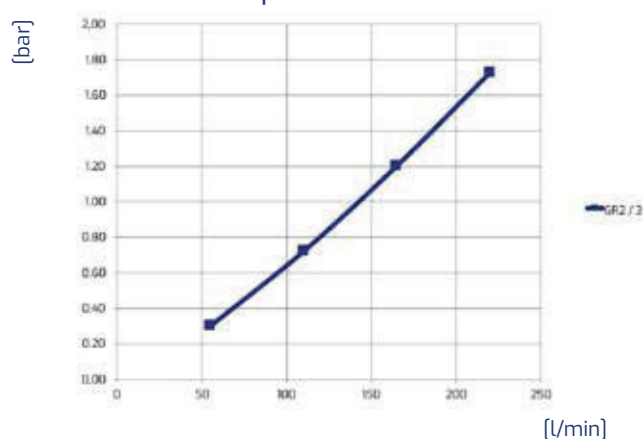
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY230.1-05A	55-220	11,5	55				560	6264	80	1500
HY230.1-05A	55-220	11,5	55				560	13151	95	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

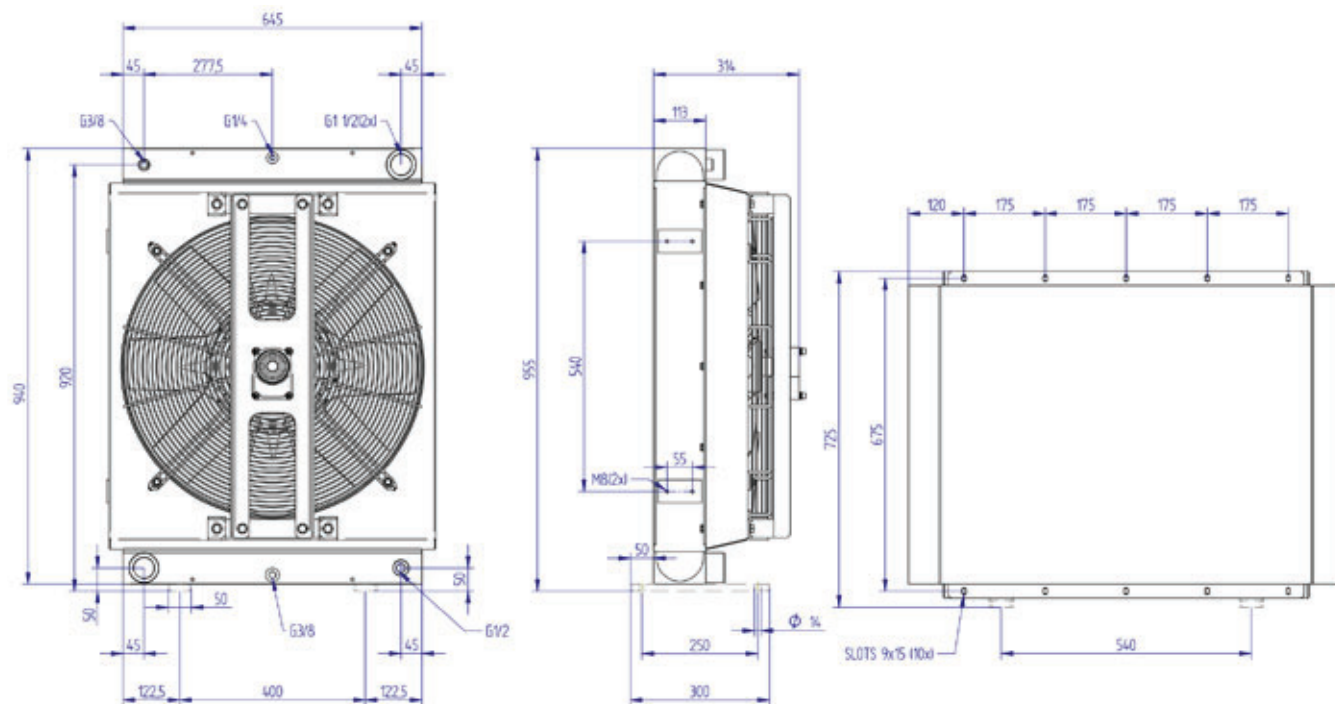
## Pressure drop



ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3

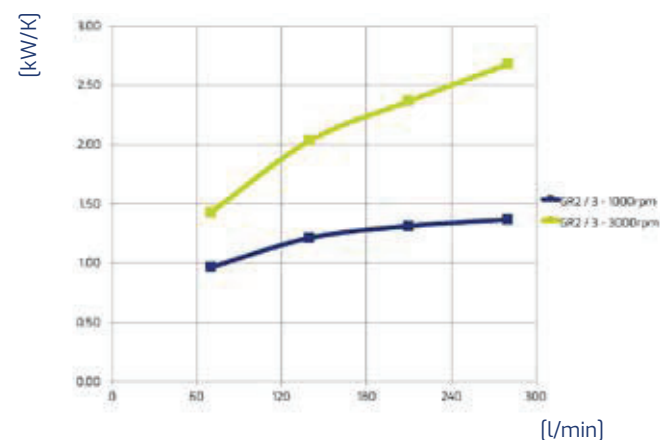


Vertical or horizontal mounting

## Technical data

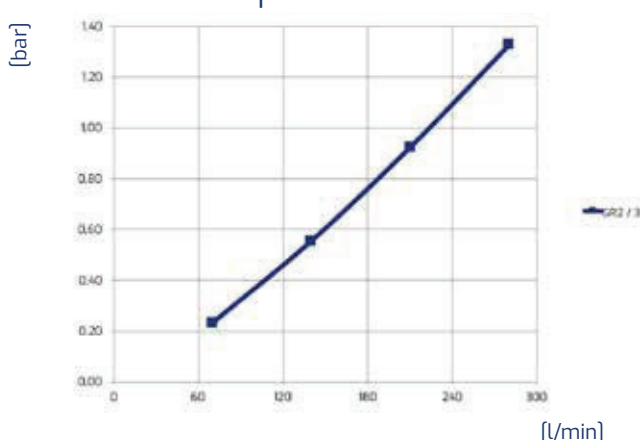
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise Level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[dB(A)]	
HY232.1-05A	70-280	16,8	77				630	5893	81	1000
HY232.1-05A	70-280	16,8	77				630	19433	105	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

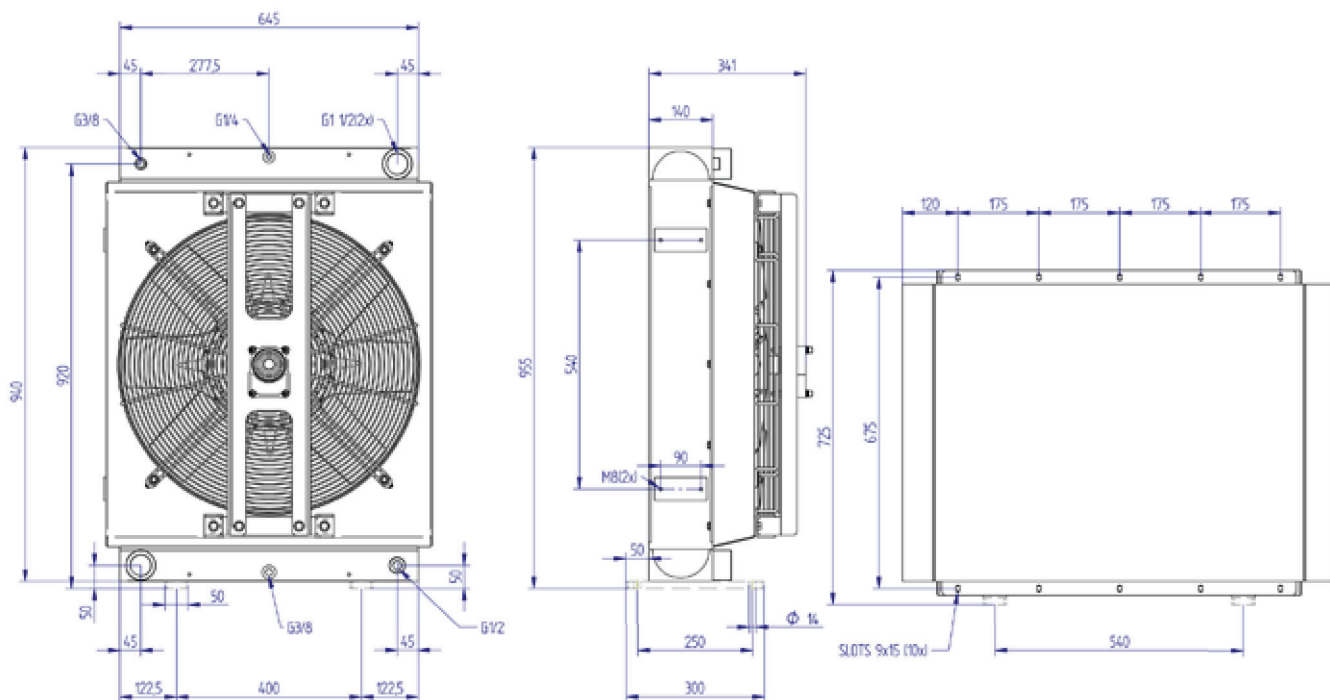
## Pressure drop



ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3

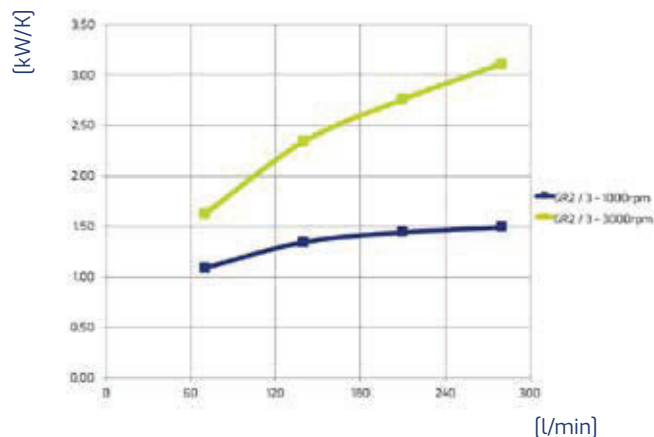


Vertical or horizontal mounting

## Technical data

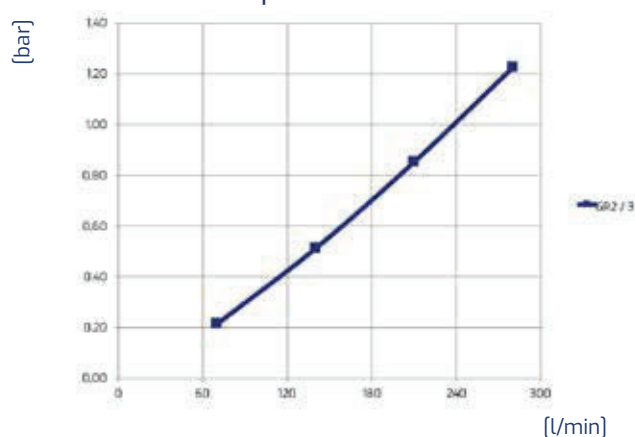
Item	Oil flow	Capacity	Weight	Voltage	Frequency	Current absorption	Ø Fan	Air flow	Noise level	Rpm
	[l/min]	[l]	[kg]	[V]	[Hz]	[A]	[mm]	[m³/h]	[db(A)]	
HY235.1-05A	70-280	20,2	89				630	5232	81	1000
HY235.1-05A	70-280	20,2	89				630	17500	105	3000

## Performance



Oil T 80°C  
T Amb. 40°C  
1 kW = 860 Kcal/h - 1 HP = 0,75 kW

## Pressure drop



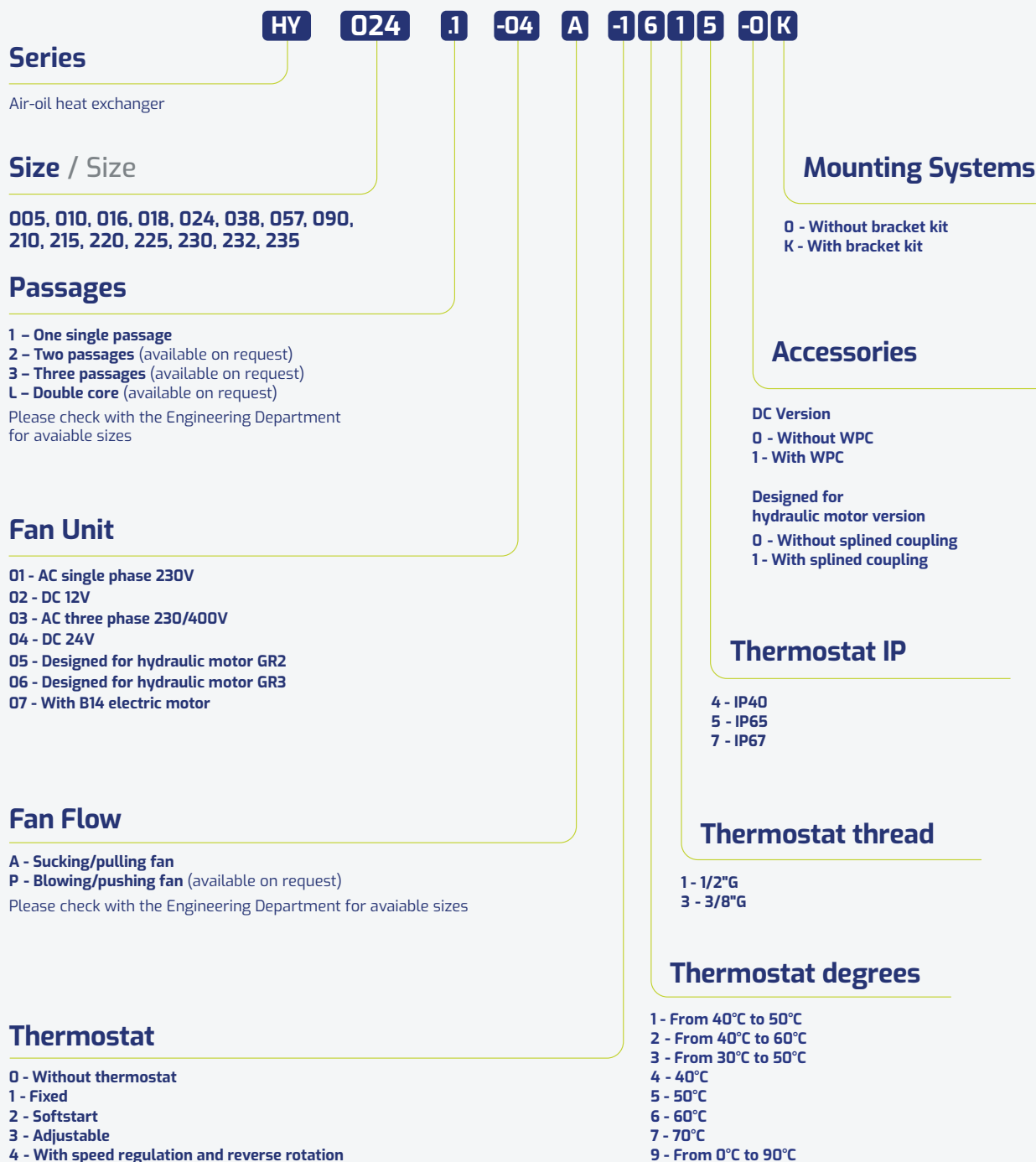
ISO VG 32 at 40°C

### Viscosity - ISO VG 32 Oil

Oil	22	32	46	68	150
Correction factor	0,8	1	1,2	1,6	3

# HY product code

The standard version of HY series includes a single-passage circuit and a sucking/pulling fan; other versions are available on request.



# Heat exchange - basic concepts

Any transformation of energy from one system to another leads to a power loss that generates heat. In hydraulic systems, the transfer of energy is assigned to process fluids, which acquire the heat produced by the various components of the equipment or circuit.

To preserve the physical characteristics of the fluid and the proper functioning of each component, the use of a cooling system is recommended. Oesse's HY series cross flow air-oil heat exchangers are certainly among the most efficient tools.

Excessive heat affects the oil viscosity and lubricity, causing deterioration and longterm damage to the plant equipment. Density and viscosity are the most affected by temperature variation. One of the main properties of fluids involved in the heat exchange is the specific heat, an essential element to determine how much heat the cooling units should dissipate. Considering also the fluid mass flow rate it is possible to calculate the power to be dissipated:

## Technical Information

$$m \times c_p \times (t_2 - t_1) = P$$
$$[\text{kg/s}] \times [\text{J/kgK}] \times [\text{K}] = [\text{J/s}]$$

For a correct calculation, its recommended to apply the units of measurement as per table:

Oil flow	Q [l/min] - m [kg/sec] $m = Q \times 0,861 [\text{kg/dm}^3]$
Specific Oil heat	Cp [J/kg K]
Temperature	$t_1, t_2, t_a [^{\circ}\text{C}]$ $\Delta t = t_1 - t_2 [\text{K}]$
Heat exchanged	P [J/s, W] $1 \text{ W} = 1 \text{ J/sec} = 0,2390585 (=1/4,186) \text{ cal/sec}$

\*values related to oil ISO VG 46, density 861 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

For the conversion tables, refer to: <https://convert.it.softonic.com/>



A quick and useful approach is proposed below to calculate the power to be dissipated (P):

Known Data	Symbol	Equation
The main electrical power installed in the application system (kW) (e.g. pump)	$P_m$	$P = P_m \times 0,35$
Inlet temperature [°C]	$t_1$	$P = \frac{V \times (t_1 - t_2) \times 0,89 \times 2,09}{T \times 60}$
Outlet temperature [°C]	$t_2$	
Time T needed by the oil to reach $t_2$ (minutes)	T	
Oil Volume in the Tank [l]	V	
Oil Flow [l/min]	Q	$P = \frac{Q \times p \times 0,3}{612}$
Working pressure [bar]	p	
Inlet temperature [°C]	$t_1$	$P = \frac{(t_1 - t_2) \times Q \times 0,89 \times 2,09}{60}$
Requested temperature [°C] ( $t_2 < t_1$ )	$t_2$	
Oil Flow [l/min]	Q	

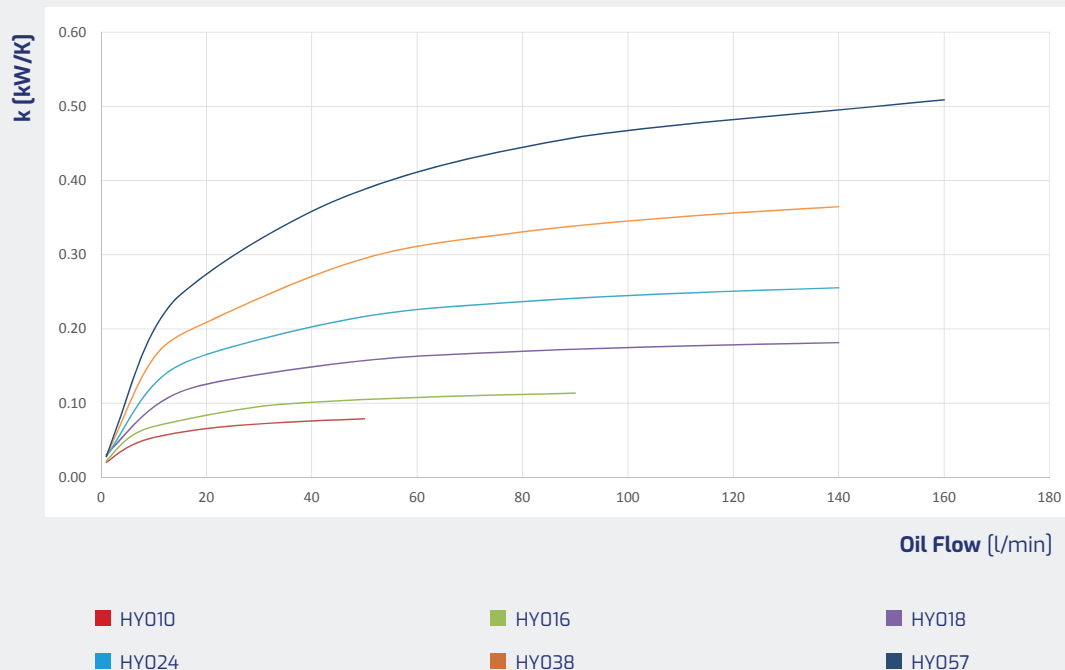
Oil inlet temperature and cooling flow temperature are the working conditions that determine the specific cooling power.

**P Heat exchanged [kW]**

$$\frac{16}{80 - 30} = 0,32 \quad \text{Specific cooling power} \quad \left( \frac{\text{kW}}{\text{K}} \right)$$

$t_i$  Inlet oil temperature [°C]                       $t_a$  Ambient temperature [°C]

#### Performance 12/24V DC



Select the performance curve according to the intersection between the oil flow and the calculated specific power of exchange.